

# **SOIL SAMPLING**

#### WHY?

SRI

FACT SHEET NO: 16

- Provides useful information about the chemical and nutrient properties of soil.
- Monitor nutrients and pH management (lime requirement)
- Determine the fertilizer requirements.

#### WHEN?



1. After first ploughing



2. End of fallow land



3. Straight after harvest of the last ration before soil cultivation

#### WHAT DO YOU NEED?

• Clean spade marked at 20cm height.



Clean plastic bucket, plastic bag, tag & card



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HOW?







Remove trash /weeds / Vegetation. From the soil Surface before taking the sample Dig a hole of 20cm depth

Take soil samples from the hole at 5cm above or below the 20cm depth.

• Collect 20 sub samples as a representative sample in 0.4ha (1 acre) and 1soil sample in consequent 0.4ha (1 acre) (same field).



Place sub-samples in a clean plastic bucket/bag.

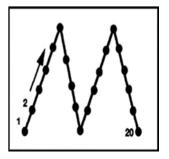


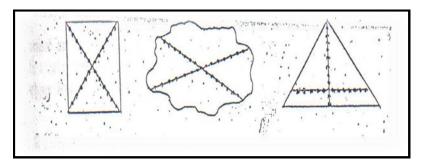
Mix them together within the bucket/bag



Take about 250grams portion and place it in a clean plastic bag.

### **SAMPLING PATTERNS?**





# WHAT IS THE TURNAROUND TIME FOR SOIL TESTING?

- Turnaround time is dependent on the number of samples received.
- Depends on the condition of soil received. (Wet, large lumps, etc.)
- Generally takes approximately 2-6 weeks to return soil results to respective sector office.

## **BENEFITS OF TIMELY SOIL ANALYSIS?**

- Increase yield = increase economic return.
- Prevents over fertilising = cost saving
- Increase fertiliser use efficiency.
- Improve soil health
- Determine lime and nutrient needs

# **REQUIRED INFORMATION BEFORE SENDING SOIL TO SRIF: (WRITE ON TAG)**

- 1. Farm number
- 2. Growers name
- 3. Sector name/number
- 4. Date of sampling
- 5. Sampled by
- 6. Crop age: fallow/plant
- 7. Soil type

